



Monson Homes Ltd
C/O Mr Neal Penfold
Pellings LLP
24 Widmore Road
Bromley
Kent, BR1 1RY

12 July 2017

PLANNING DECISION NOTICE

APPLICANT:	Monson Homes Ltd
DEVELOPMENT TYPE:	Minor Dwellings
APPLICATION REFERENCE:	17/01425/FULL
PROPOSAL:	Demolition of garages and erection of 1 No. dwelling with 11 No. parking spaces
ADDRESS:	Land And Garages Adjacent To 11 Longview Way, Royal Tunbridge Wells, Kent

The Council hereby **GRANTS** permission/consent for the proposal referred to above subject to the following Conditions:

- (1) The development hereby permitted shall be begun before the expiration of 3 years from the date of this decision.

Reason: To comply with the requirements of Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 as amended by Section 51 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

- (2) The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in accordance with the following approved plans:

692-071-PL02-F - Proposed Site Plan
692-071-PL03A - Proposed Floor Plans
692-071-PL04 - Proposed Elevations
692-071-PL05 - Proposed Perspective
2488-16-B-2 - Tree Retention

Reason: To clarify which plans have been approved.

- (3) Written details, including source and manufacturer and samples available to view on site, of all bricks, tiles and cladding materials to be used externally shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority before the development is commenced and the development shall be carried out using the approved external materials.

Reason: In the interests of visual amenity

- (4) The development hereby permitted shall not be commenced until the following components of a scheme to deal with the risks associated with contamination of the site shall have been submitted to and approved, in writing, by the local planning authority:

- 1) A preliminary risk assessment which has identified:
 - all previous uses
 - potential contaminants associated with those uses
 - a conceptual model of the site indicating sources, pathways and receptors
 - potentially unacceptable risks arising from contamination at the site.
- 2) A site investigation, based on (1) to provide information for a detailed assessment of the risk to all receptors that may be affected, including those off site.
- 3) A remediation method statement (RMS) based on the site investigation results and the detailed risk assessment (2). This should give full details of the remediation measures required and how they are to be undertaken. The RMS should also include a verification plan to detail the data that will be collected in order to demonstrate that the works set out in the RMS are complete and identifying any requirements for longer-term monitoring of pollutant linkages, maintenance and arrangements for contingency action.
- 4) A Closure Report is submitted upon completion of the works. The closure report shall include full verification details as set out in 3. This should include details of any post remediation sampling and analysis, together with documentation certifying quantities and source/destination of any material brought onto or taken from the site. Any material brought onto the site shall be certified clean;

Any changes to these components require the express consent of the local planning authority. The scheme shall thereafter be implemented as approved.

Reason: To ensure that risks from land contamination to the future users of the land and neighbouring land are minimised, together with those to controlled waters, property and ecological systems, and to ensure that the development can be carried out safely without unacceptable risks to workers, neighbours and other offsite receptors.

- (5) The proposed boundary treatments as shown on the approved drawings shall be implemented prior to the first occupation of the building hereby permitted and shall thereafter be retained.

Reason: In the interests of protecting the character and amenities of the locality.

- (6) The area shown on drawing 692-071-PL02-E as vehicle parking spaces and turning shall be provided before the use is commenced or the premises occupied, and shall be retained for the use of the occupiers of, and visitors to, the development, and no permanent development, whether or not permitted by the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 (As Amended) (or any Order revoking and re-enacting that Order), shall be carried out on that area of land so shown or in such a position as to preclude vehicular access to this reserved parking space.

Reason: Development without provision of adequate accommodation for the parking of vehicles is likely to lead to parking inconvenient to other road users

- (7) Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 (or any Order revoking and re-enacting that Order), no windows or similar openings shall be constructed in the building, other than as hereby approved.

Reason: In the interests of the amenity of occupants of the adjoining property.

- (8) Notwithstanding the provisions of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 (or any Order revoking and/or re-enacting that Order), no development shall be carried out within Classes A, B, C, E, G or H of Part 1 of Schedule 2 of that Order (or any Order revoking and re-enacting that Order).

Reason: In the interests of protecting the character and amenities.

- (9) Prior to the commencement of the development works for the disposal of sewage shall be provided on the site to serve the development hereby permitted, in accordance with the details to be submitted and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: These details are provided pre commencement of development as the drainage system is likely to be one of the first aspects of development and to avoid unacceptable additional use of existing drainage infrastructure and to avoid pollution of the surrounding area.

- (10) No development shall take place until details of tree protection in accordance with the current edition of BS 5837 have been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. All trees to be retained must be protected by barriers and/or ground protection.

Reason: To safeguard existing surrounding trees to be retained and to ensure a satisfactory setting and external appearance to the development.

Informatives:

- (1) As the development involves demolition and / or construction, I would recommend that the applicant is supplied with the Mid Kent Environmental Code of Development Practice. Broad compliance with this document is expected.
- (2) A formal application for connection to the public sewerage system is required in order to service this development. To initiate a sewer capacity check to identify the appropriate connection point for the development, Please contact Southern Water, Sparrowgrove House, Sparrowgrove, Otterbourne, Hampshire SO21 2SW (Tel: 0330 303 0119) or www.southernwater.co.uk.
- (3) Adequate and suitable measures should be carried out for the minimisation of asbestos fibres during demolition, so as to prevent airborne fibres from affecting workers carrying out the work, and nearby properties. Only contractors licensed by the Health and Safety Executive should be employed. Any redundant materials removed from the site should be transported by a registered waste carrier and disposed of at an appropriate legal tipping site.
- (4) 1 Publically accessible EV "rapid charge" point (of 22kW or faster) should be provided per 10 residential dwellings (where no dedicated off-street parking is provided) and/or per 1000m² of commercial floor space. Ideally any dwellings with dedicated off-street parking should be provided with their own charge points for low-emission plug-in vehicles. Where these things are not practicable, contribution towards installation at nearby locations should be considered.

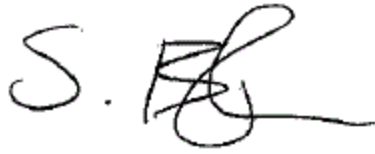
The Council's approach to this application:

In accordance with paragraphs 186 and 187 of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF), the Council takes a positive and proactive approach to development proposals focused on solutions. We work with applicants/agents in a positive and proactive manner by:

- Offering pre-application advice.
- Where possible, suggesting solutions to secure a successful outcome.
- As appropriate, updating applicants/agents of any issues that may arise in the processing of their application.

In this instance:

- The application was acceptable as submitted and no further assistance was required.

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of the letters 'S.' followed by a stylized, cursive 'B' that extends into a long horizontal stroke.

Stephen Baughen
Building Control and Development Manager
Tunbridge Wells Borough Council

IMPORTANT: YOUR ATTENTION IS DRAWN TO THE ATTACHED NOTES

NOTIFICATION TO APPLICANT FOLLOWING REFUSAL OF CONSENT OR GRANT OF CONSENT SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS

Appeals to the Secretary of State

If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority (LPA) to refuse permission for the proposed development, or to grant it subject to Conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State (SoS) under the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990 or Control of Advertisements Regulations 1989.

Please see “Development Type” on page 1 of the decision notice to identify which type of appeal is relevant for the following:

- If this is a decision to refuse planning permission for a Householder application or a Minor Commercial application and you want to appeal the decision, or any of the conditions imposed, then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice.
- In all other cases, you will need to submit your appeal against the decision, or any of the conditions imposed, within 6 months of the date of this notice.

For applications relating to Enforcement Notices:

- If this is a decision on a planning application relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as is already the subject of an enforcement notice and if you want to appeal against the decision on your application, then you must do so within 28 days of the date of this notice.
- If an enforcement notice is subsequently served and relates to the same or substantially the same land and development and if you want to appeal against the decision on your application, then you must do so within 28 days of the date of service of the enforcement notice, or within 6 months [12 weeks in the case of a householder or minor commercial application decision] of the date of this notice, whichever period expires earlier.

Appeals must be made using a form which you can get from The Planning Inspectorate, Room 3/13, Temple Quay House , 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol BS1 6PN or online at www.planningportal.gov.uk/pcs.

The SoS can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal.

The SoS need not consider an appeal if it seems to the SoS that the LPA could not have granted advertisement consent for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.